

Modernising the Land Recors

6'th February 2014 Presented by Ratan Awasthi

CONTENT



01 Land as Resource

02 Ownership

03 Motivation?

04 Methodology

05 Conclusion

Land as Resource

- Land is a collection of all naturally occurring resources whose supply is inherently fixed.
- Land is the most Important resource existing
- It is a major source of energy such as fossil fuel
- Food cultivation and agriculture would be impossible without land
- Land is also crucial for mineral resources

Various owners

- Railways
- CPWD
- Defense
- Ports
- Municipalities
- Power Gen companies

Indian Perspective

- 6.4 lacs village mapped in 19'th and 20'th Century
- 32.87 lakh Sq Km is the Land mass
- 21.6 Lakh Sq km is to be covered by NLRMP
- 43% of this land is in Plains
- 30% in Mountains
- And 27% in Plateaus

Motivation

- Pedigreed Record of Rights
- Conclusive Land Titling
- Economic Activity
- RoR as Legal document
- Digital Cadastral Data Base
- Digital crop/land use data base

Global Trends in Land Parcel Management

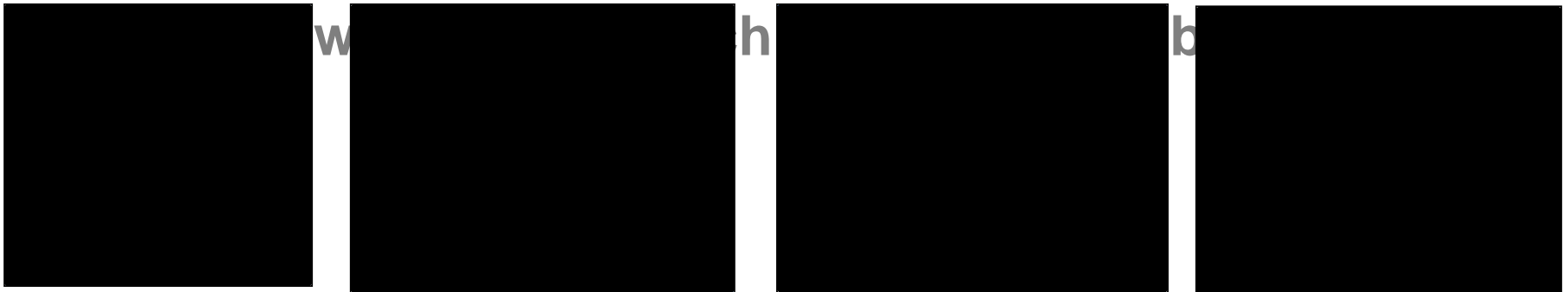
Use of cutting edge technology “Hybrid”

Use of Clearinghouses for information sharing over an SDI

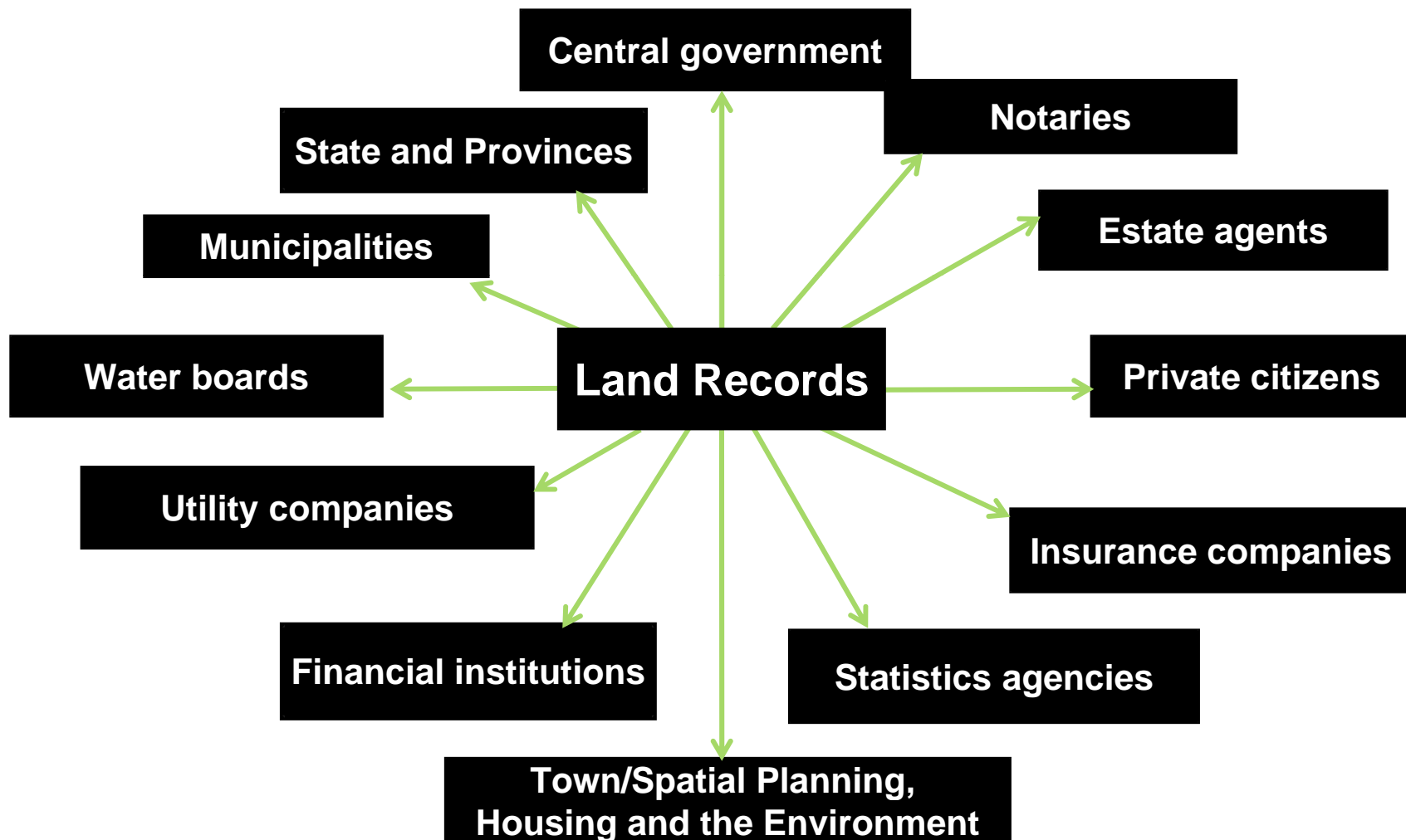
Sufficient amount of time to technology transfer and upgrade -5-7 year

Demand for 3D visualization to better understand spatial information- City Level

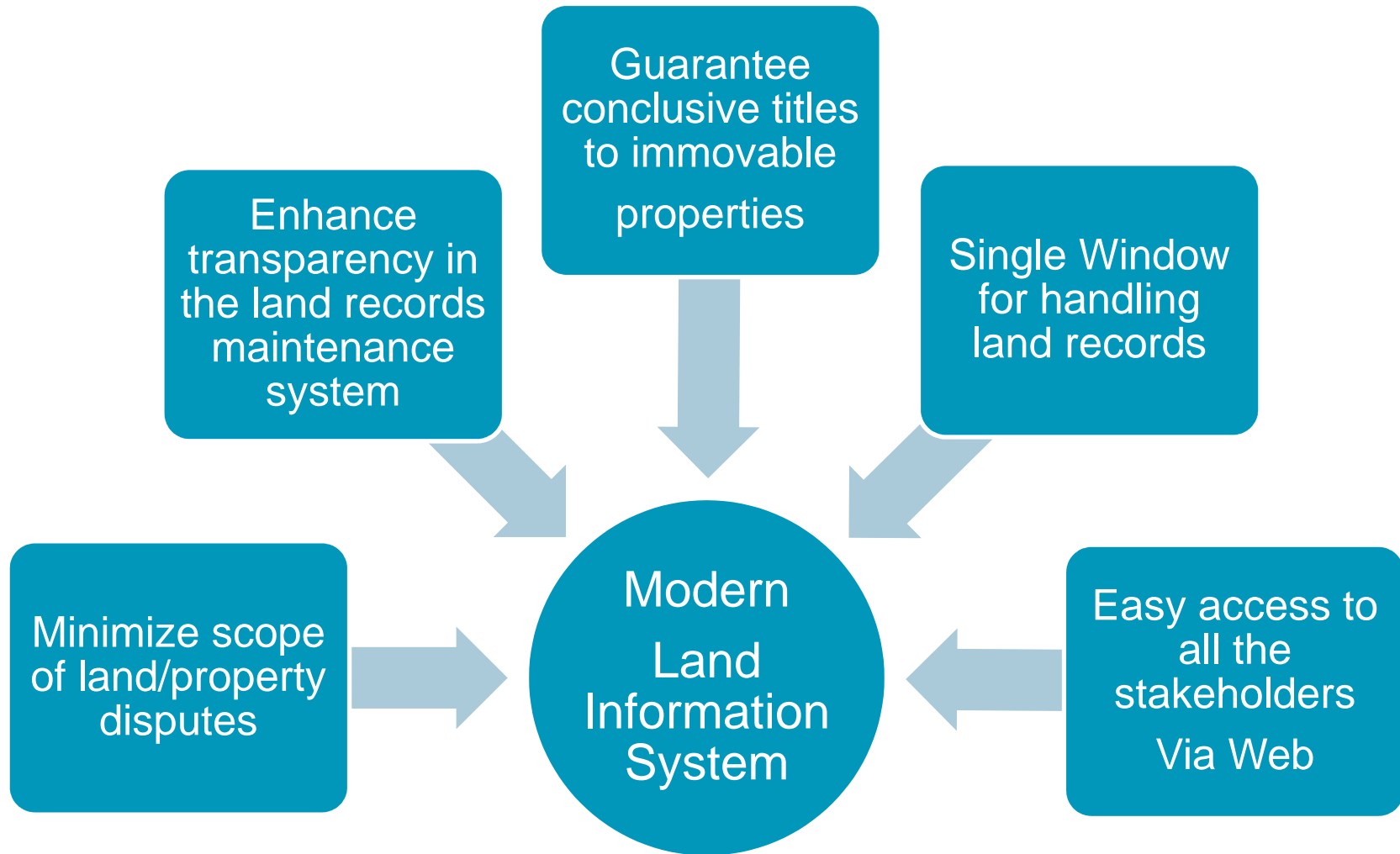
Use of various online and offline tool to update information



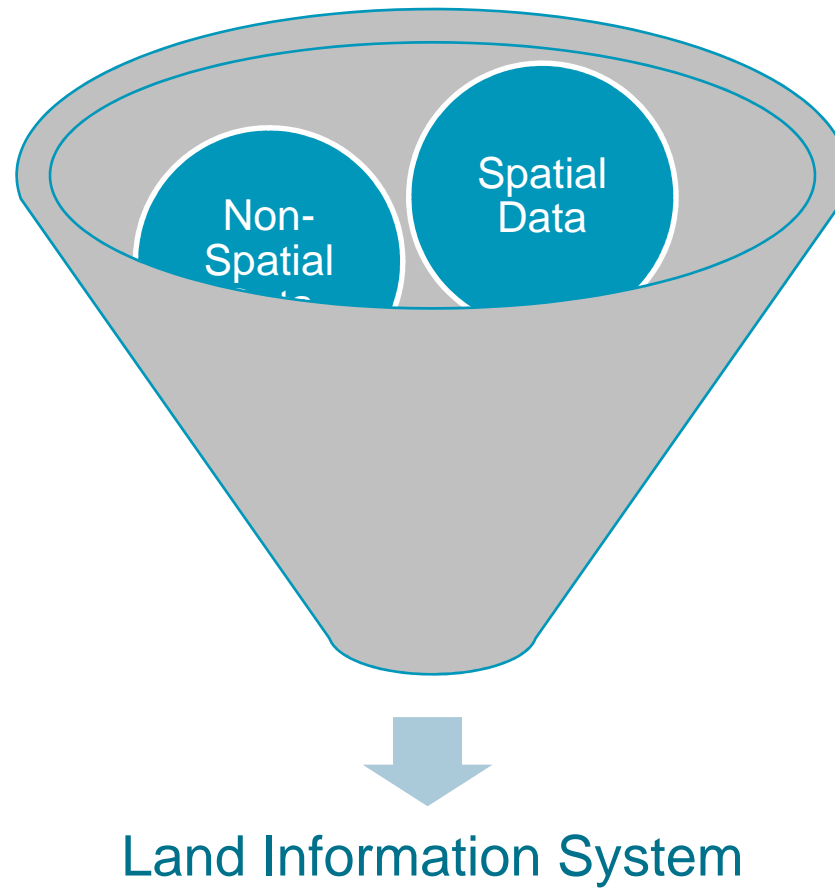
The users of Land Information data



Objectives - “ Modern Land Management system “



Essence of LIS



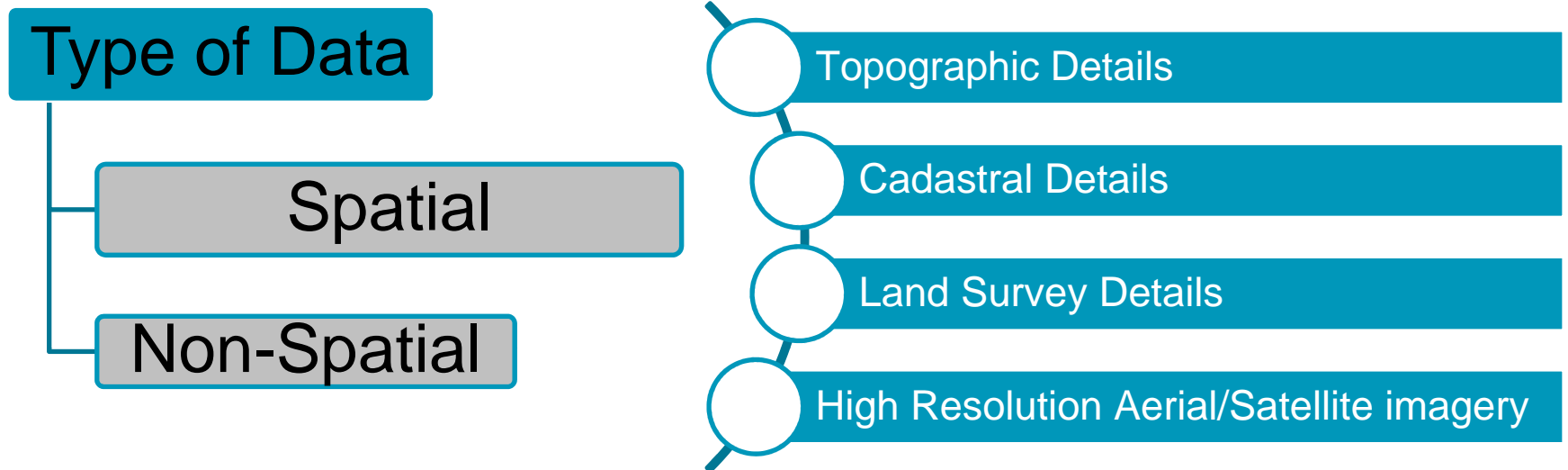
Land Information System

Any modern Land Information System is in place to ...

- minimize scope of land/property disputes,
- enhance transparency in the land records maintenance system,
- facilitate conclusive titles to immovable properties in the country

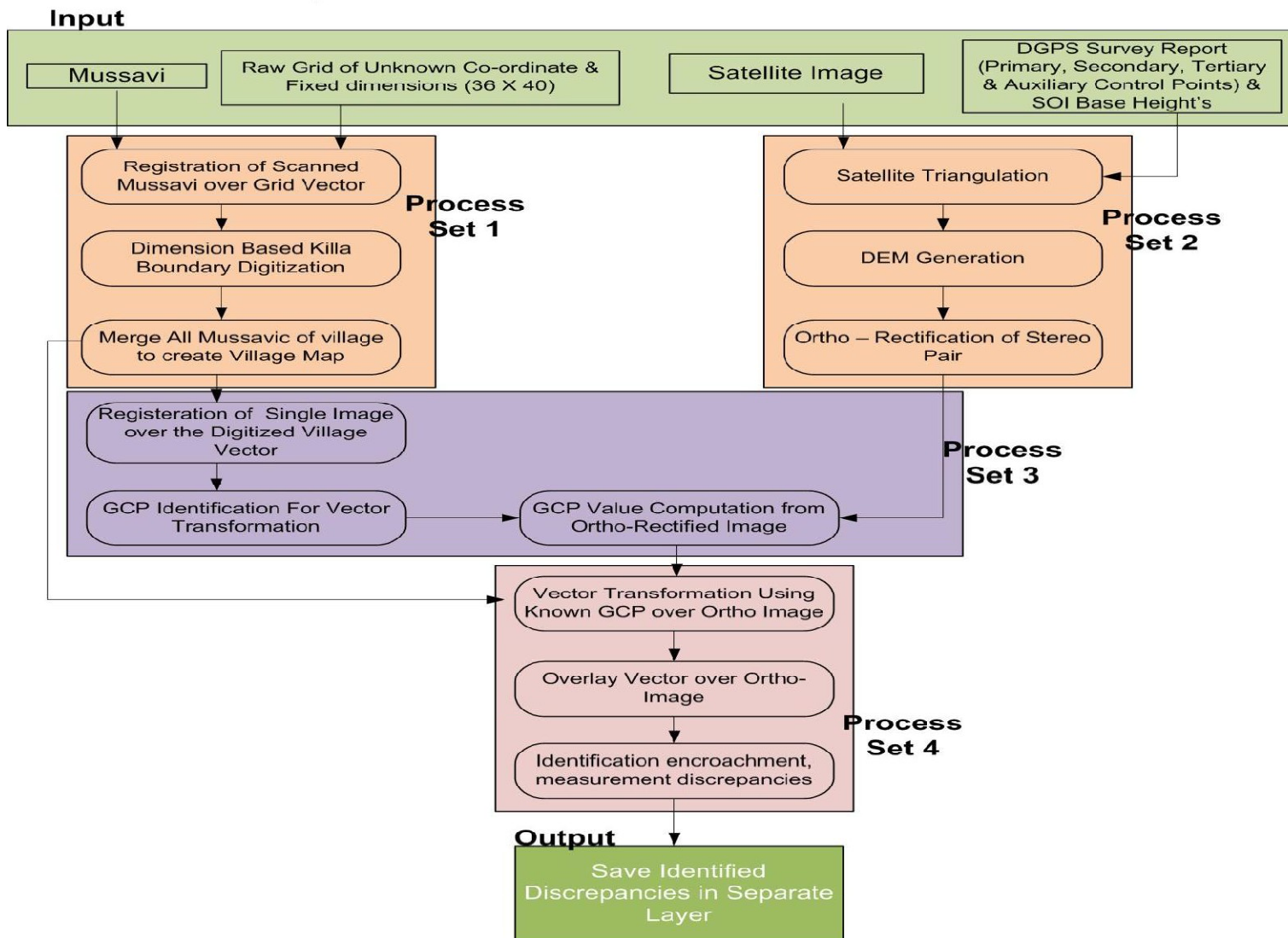


Spatial and Non-Spatial Data

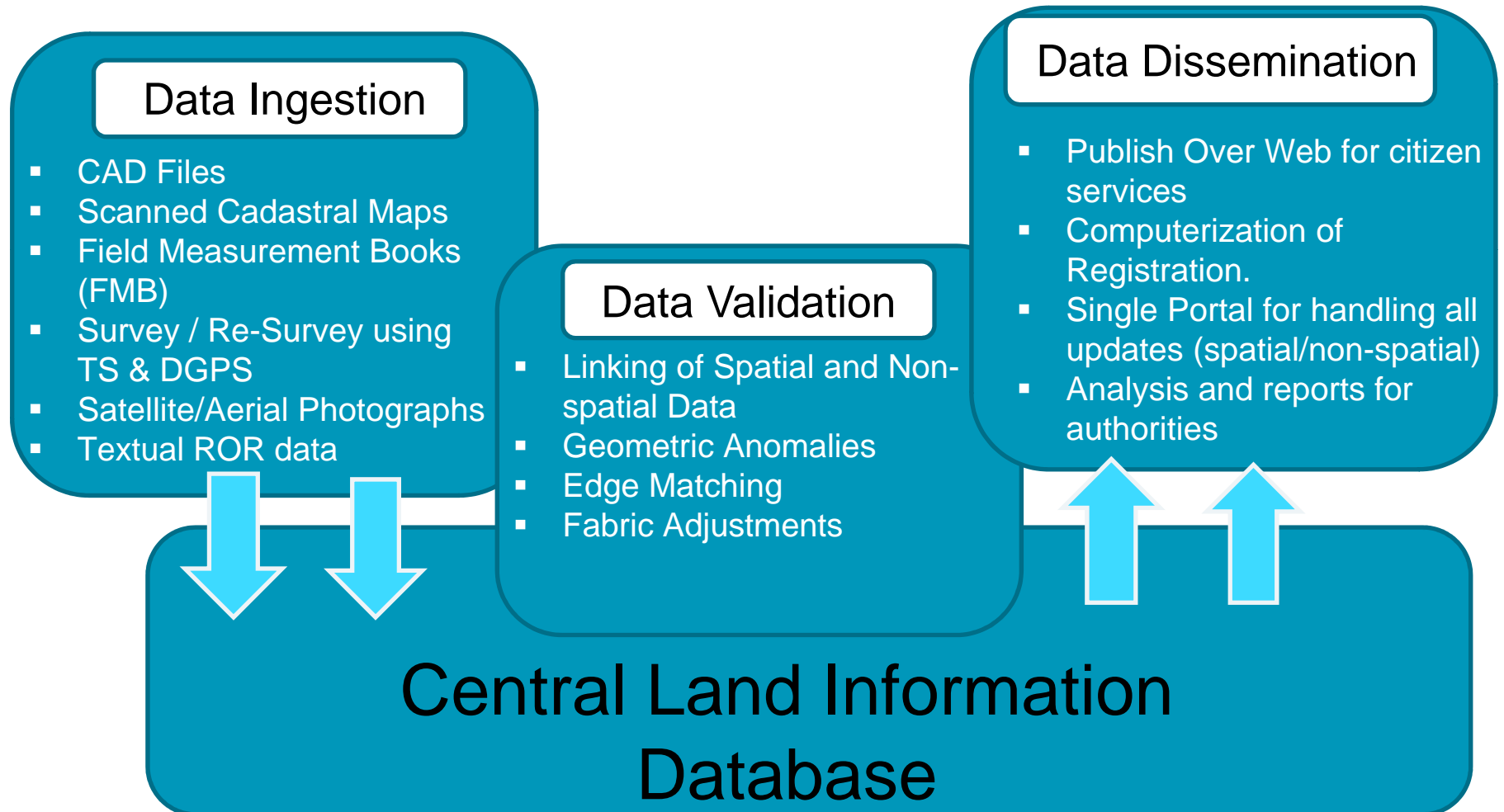


- Ownership details
- Market Value
- Land Use
- Tax Value
- Legal Authority in-charge of the parcel
- Past Ownership details
- Encumbrance details
- Demographic details for each parcel (No. of Persons/ Household, Gender ratio etc.)
- Socio-economic details (like Average Family Income, Employment etc.)

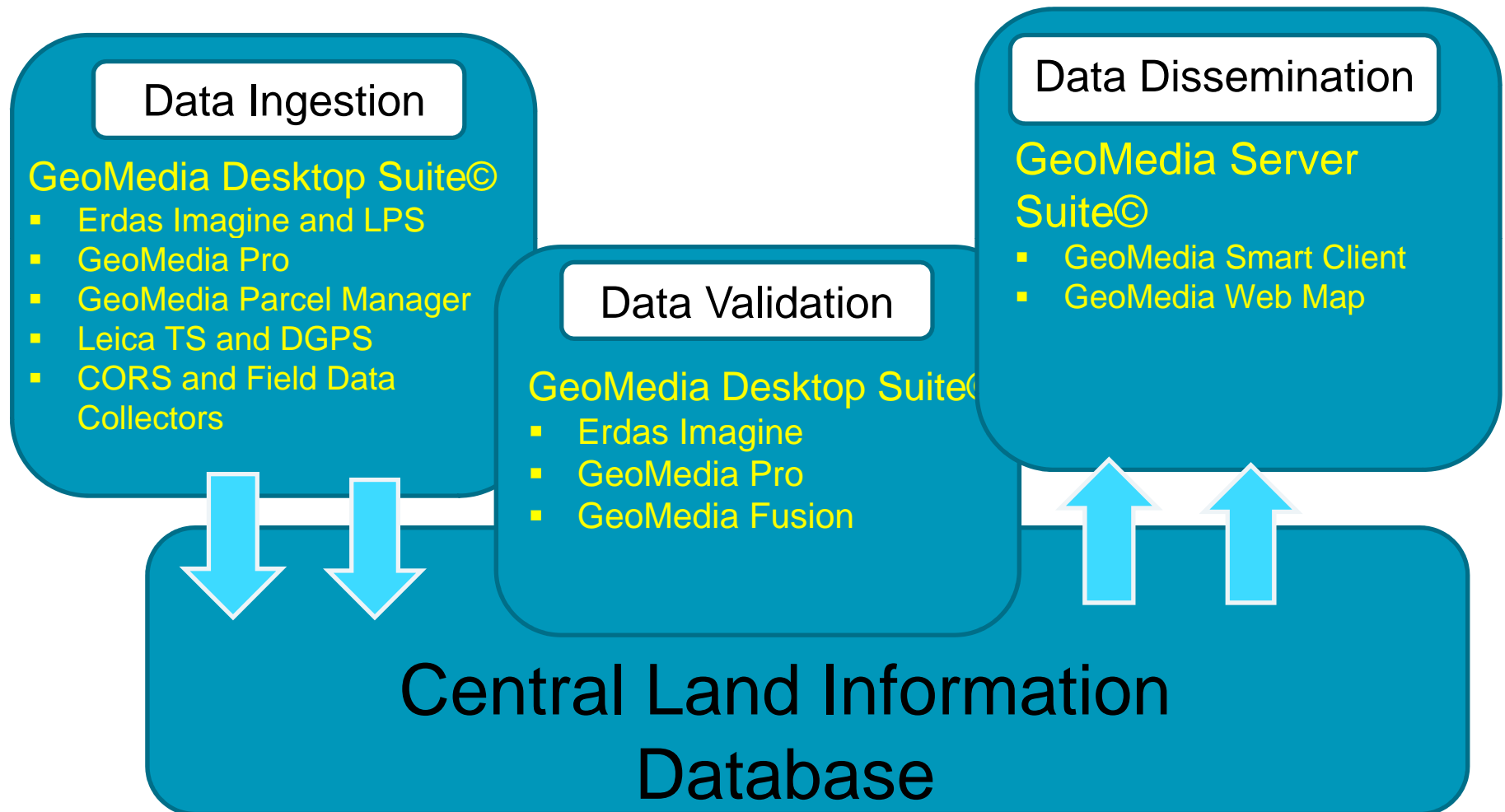
Geo-Spatial Data Generation - Process Flow



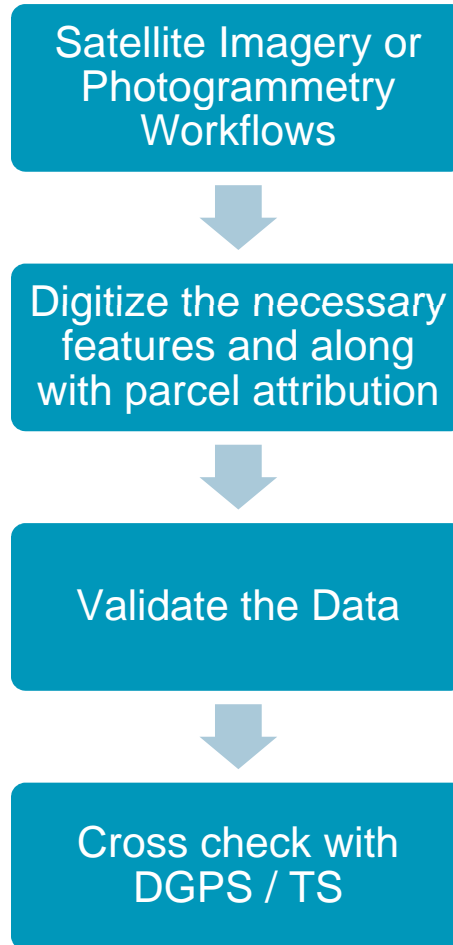
An Effective Land Information Management System



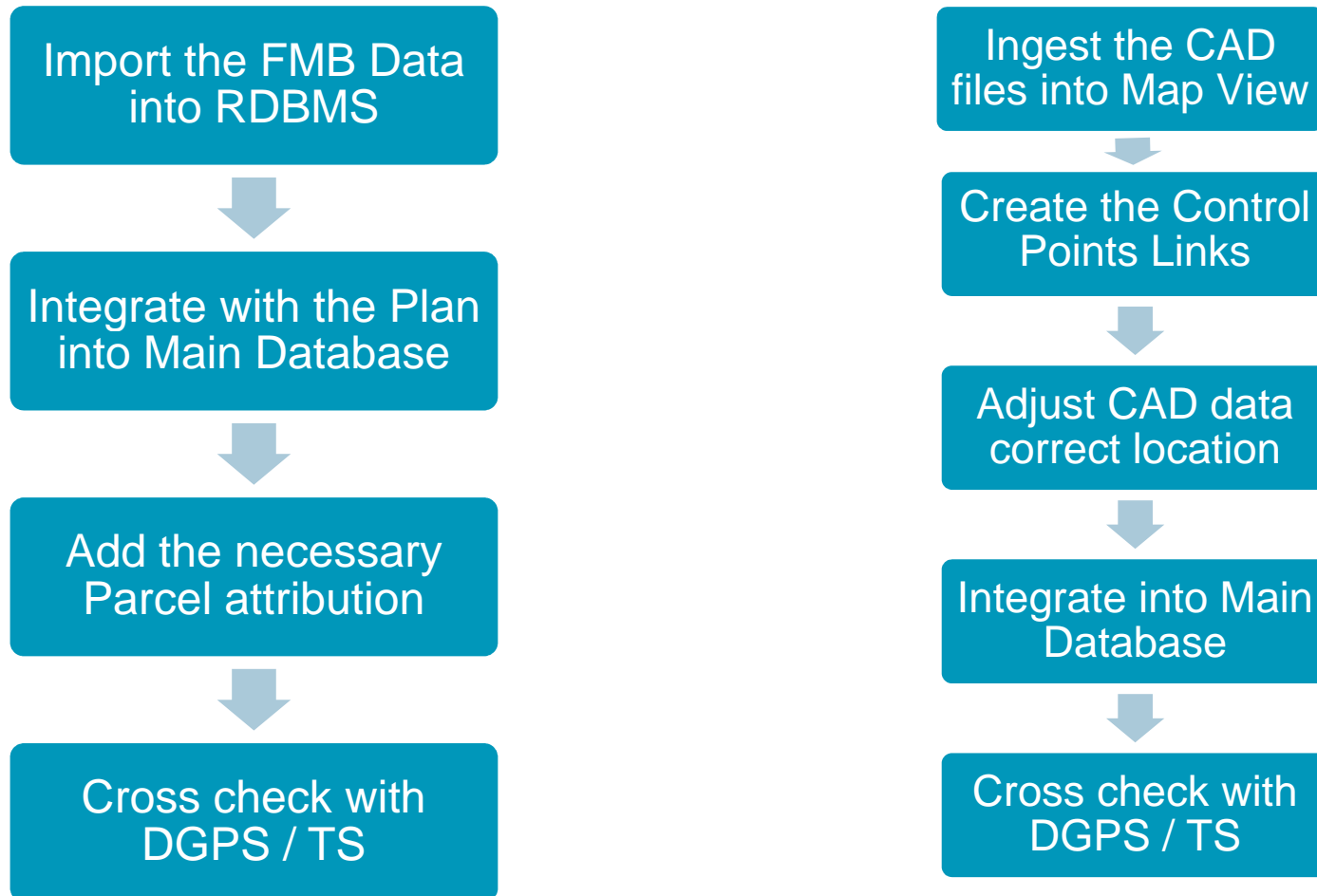
Hexagon solution for a Land Information Management System



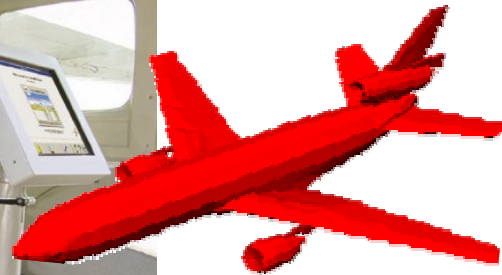
Workflow for New Data creation



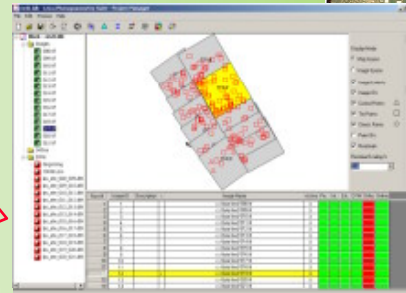
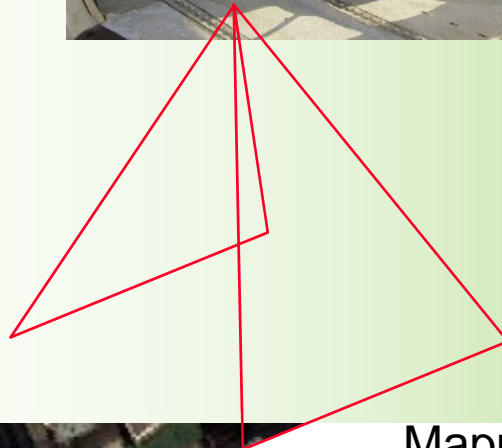
Bringing in Existing Data



From Data Capture to the Web Based Management

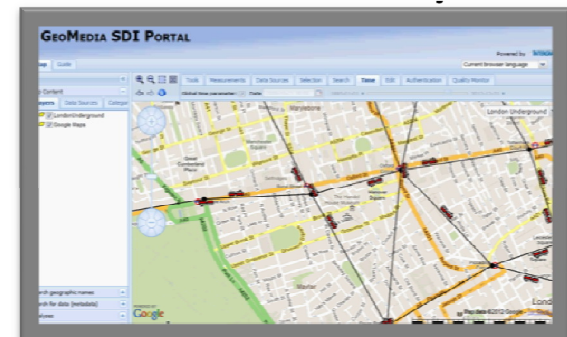
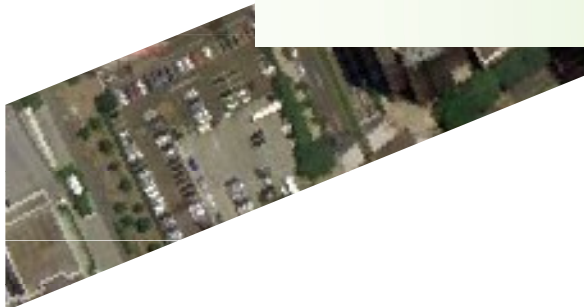


Cadaster Mapping

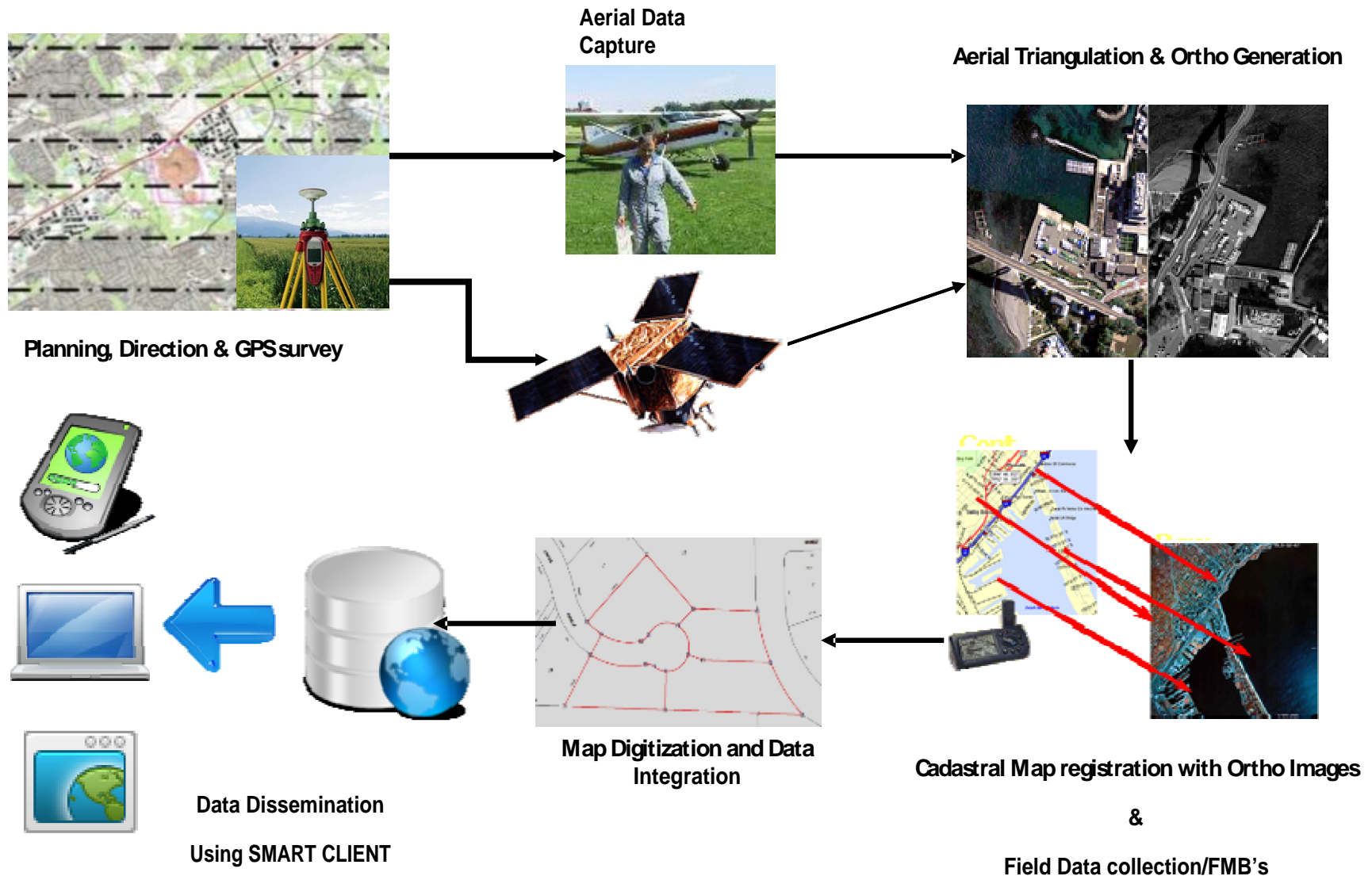


Web Based cadaster Management System

Mapping /Photogrammetry



Workflow – Hexagon Approach



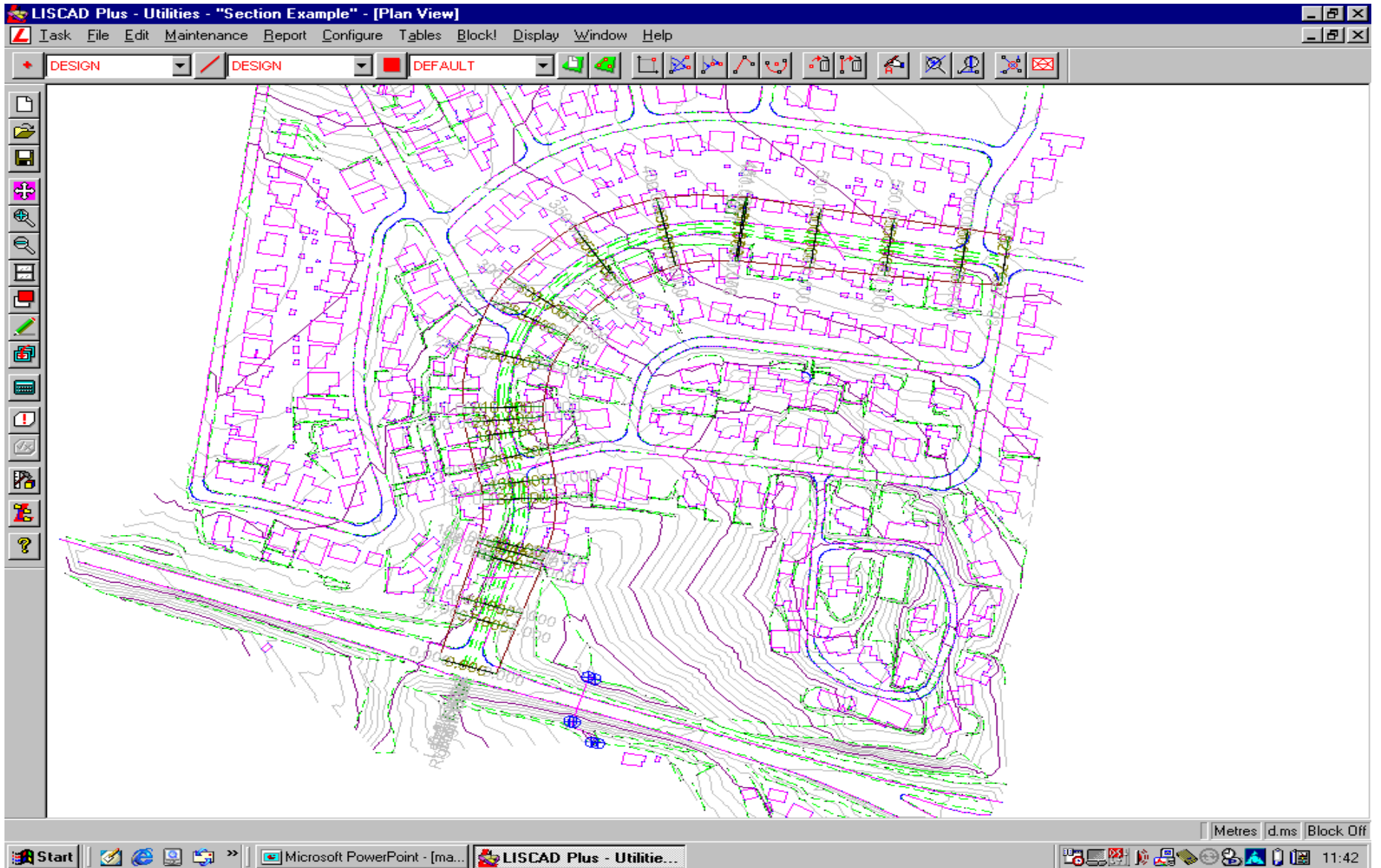
Leica Total Station



Leica DGPS

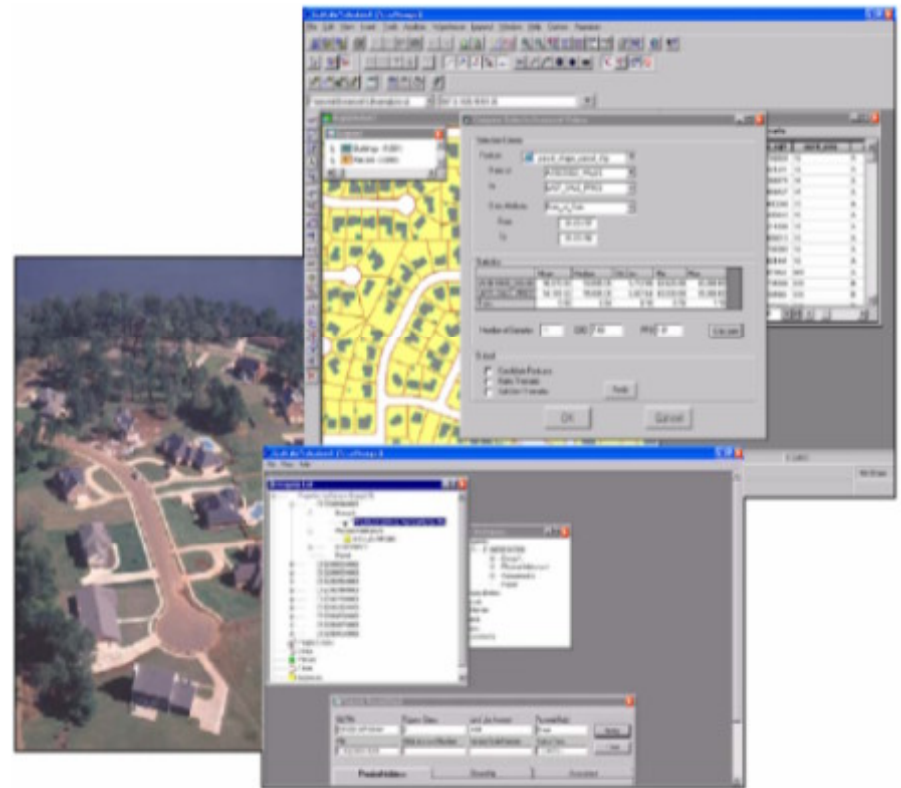


Hexagon Survey Software



Intergraph Cadaster tools

- Intergraph Parcel Manager is a leading edge solution for Parcel and Boundary maintenance
- Parcel Manager enables you to implement modern land management with the help of configurable and customizable functions and commands
- Specifically Tailored workflows for cadastral and property mapping industries
- Efficient data collection and maintenance of parcel boundaries and related land information using the workflows.



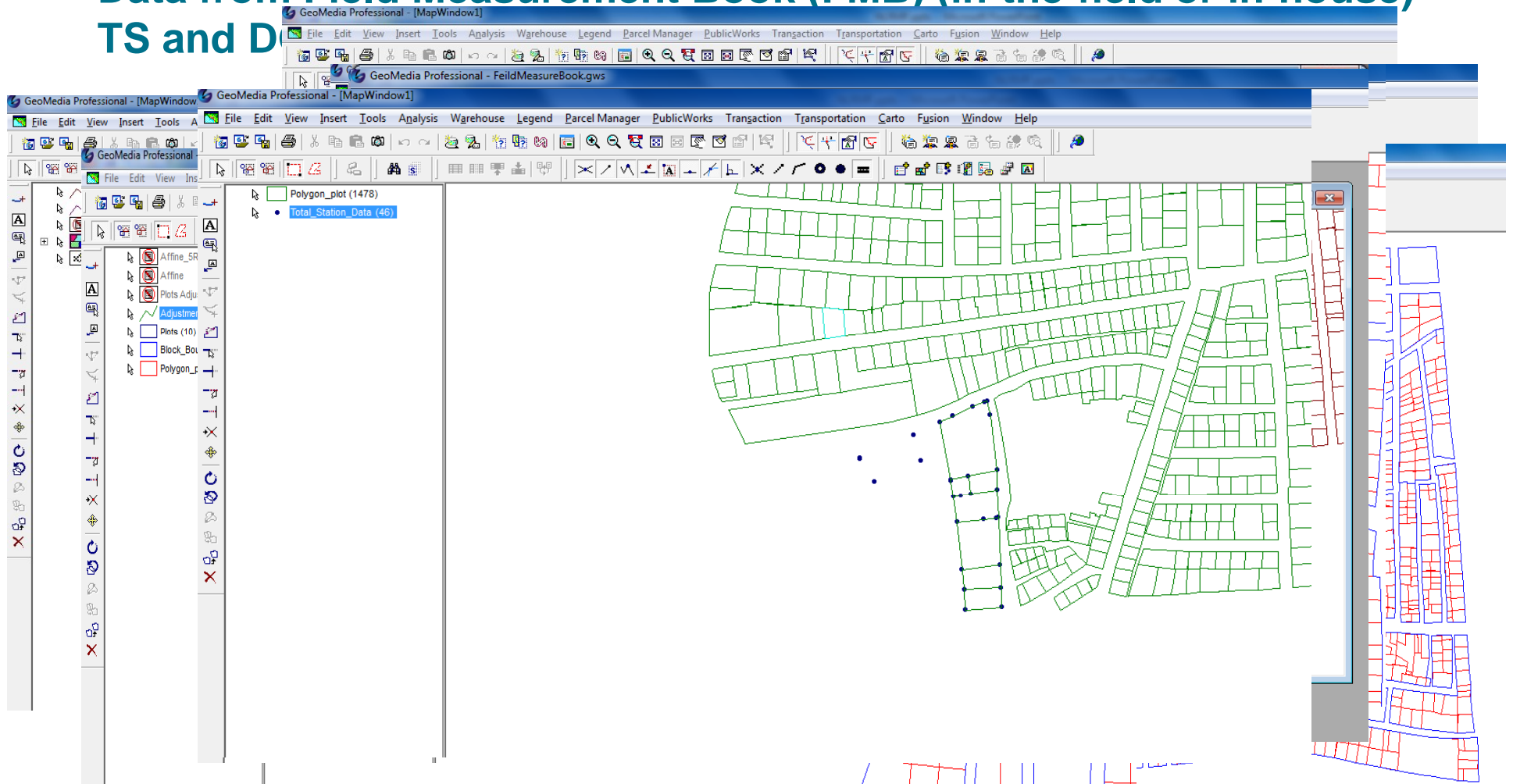
Workflows

Cadastral Map Digitization

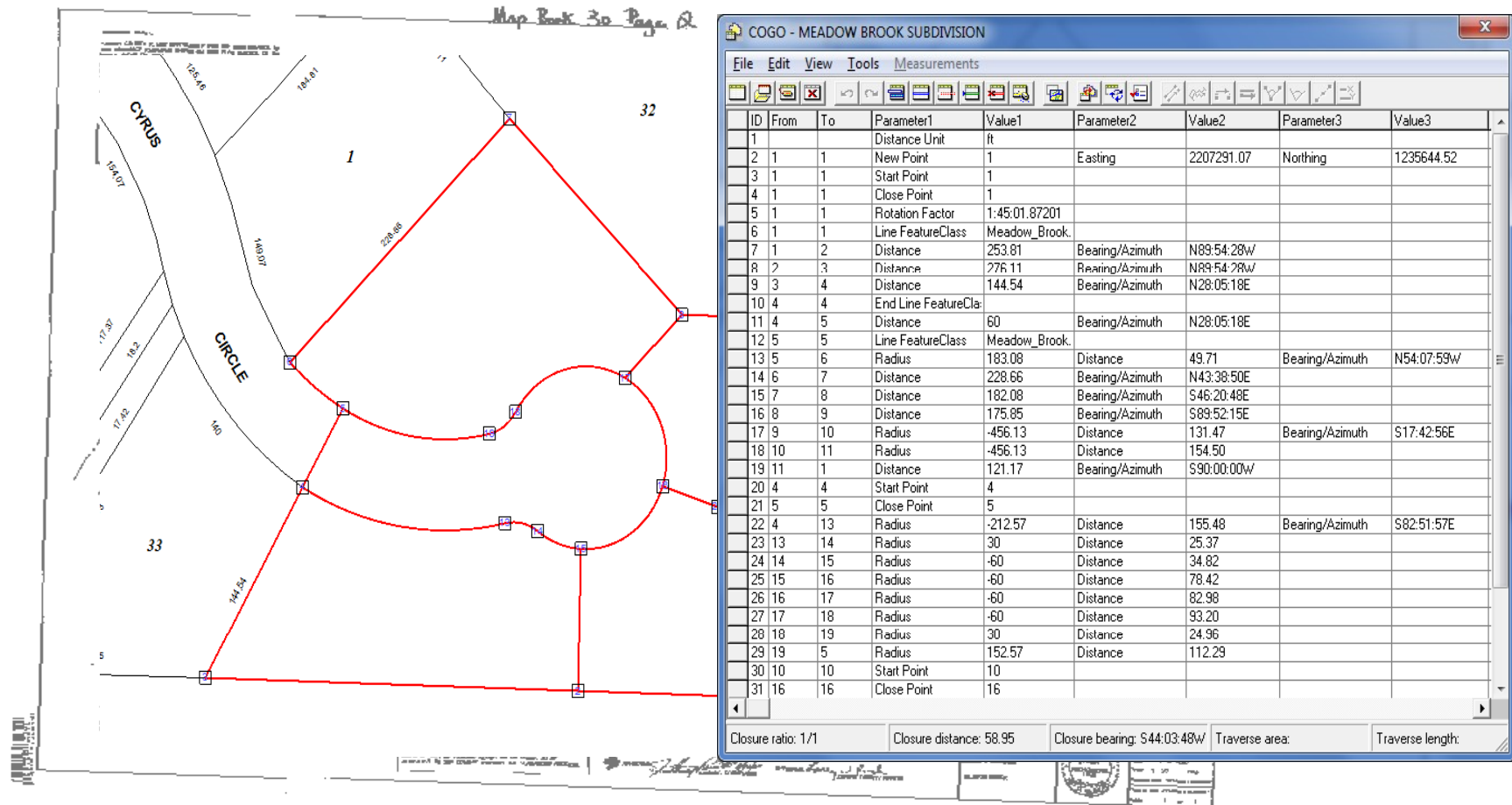
Fabric Adjustments

Data from Field Measurement Book (FMB) (in-the-field or in-house)

TS and D

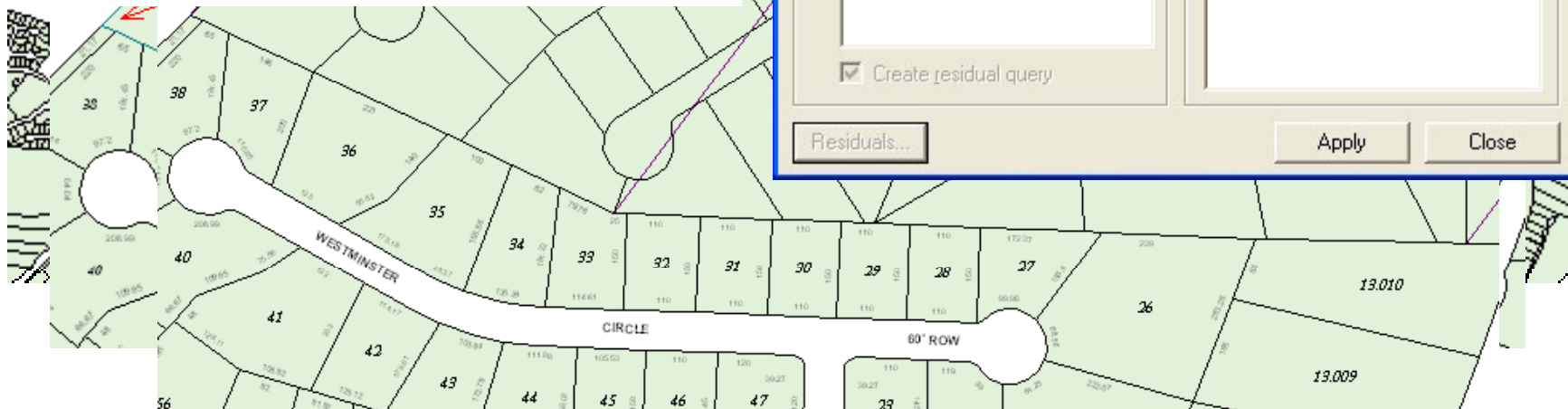


FMB Data using Coordinate Geometry Input



CAD Data using Adjustments

Transformation Model	Number of Links
Helmert	2
Affine	3
Second-degree Polynomial	6
Third-degree Polynomial	10
Fifth-degree Polynomial	21
Seventh-degree Polynomial	36



Adjust Geometry ✖

Adjust

Features:
Parcel_Lines

Connection:
Meadow_Brook

Adjustment

Method:
Affine_5RS

Link Group Collection:
Plan_Adjustment

Apply weights

Statistics

Create residual link collection:
Affine_5RS

Log adjustment information

Name:

Description:

Create residual query

Output

Uppdate original data

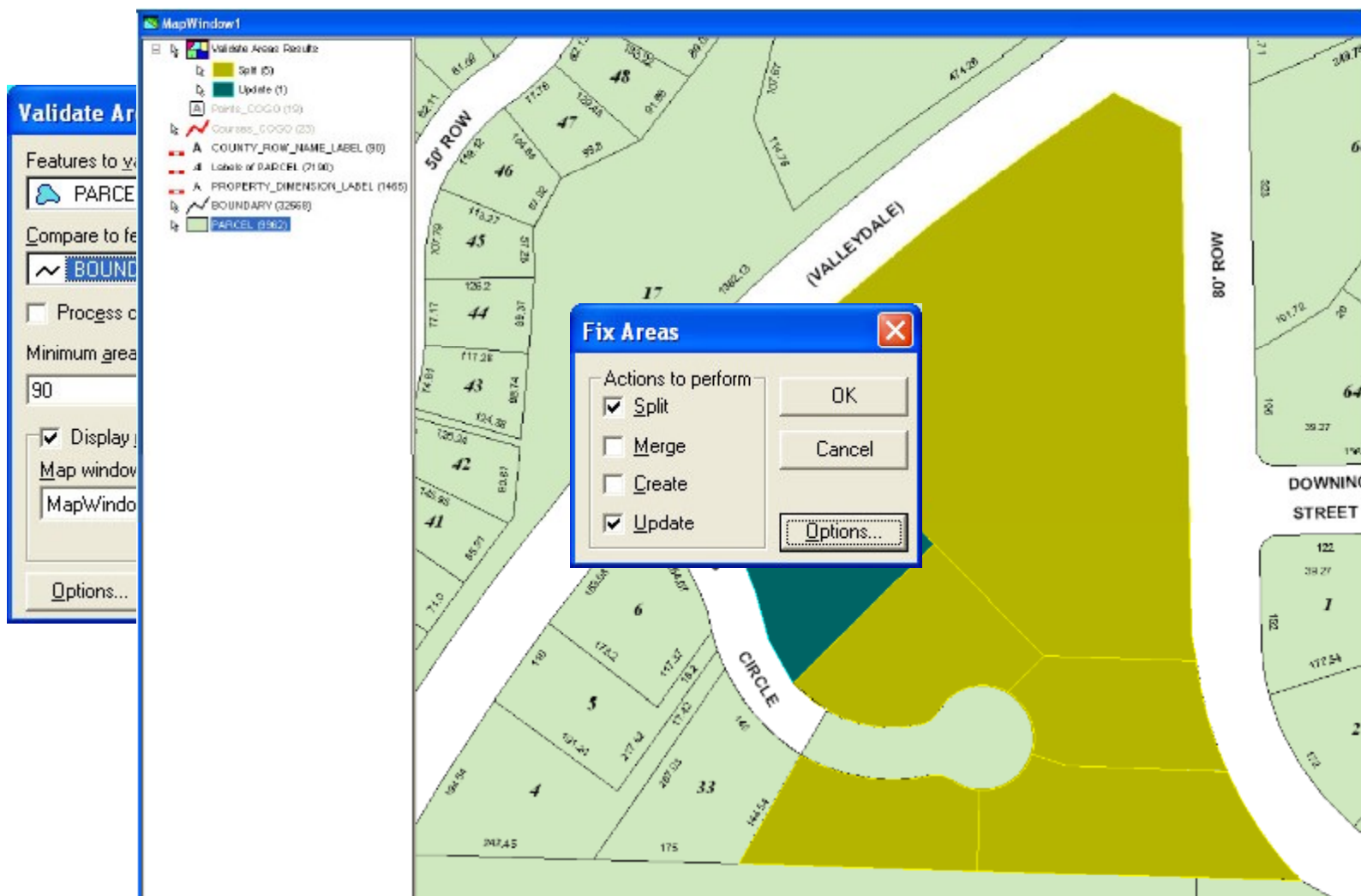
Query

Query name:
Parcel_Lines Adjustment

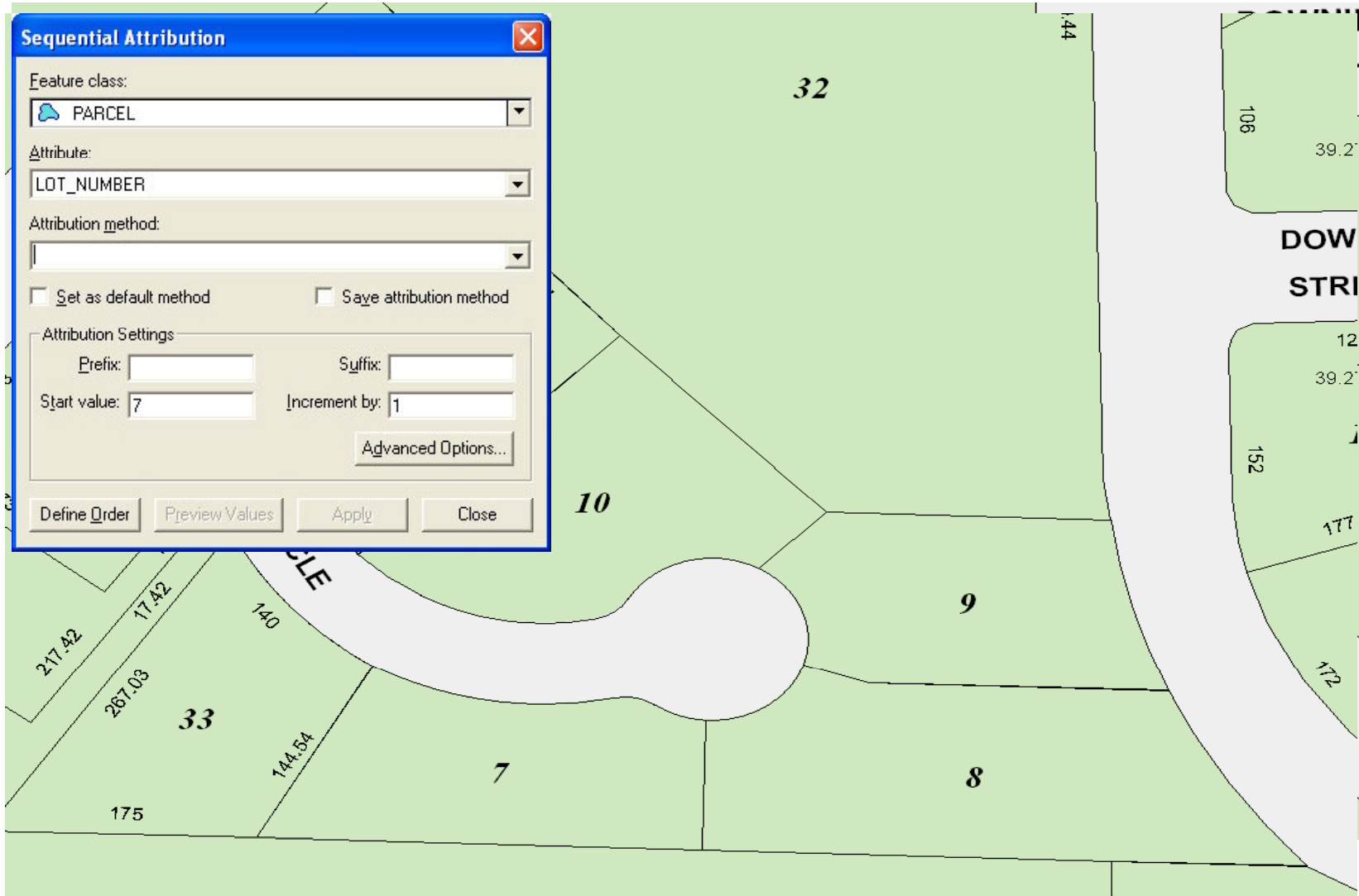
Description:

Residuals...
Apply
Close

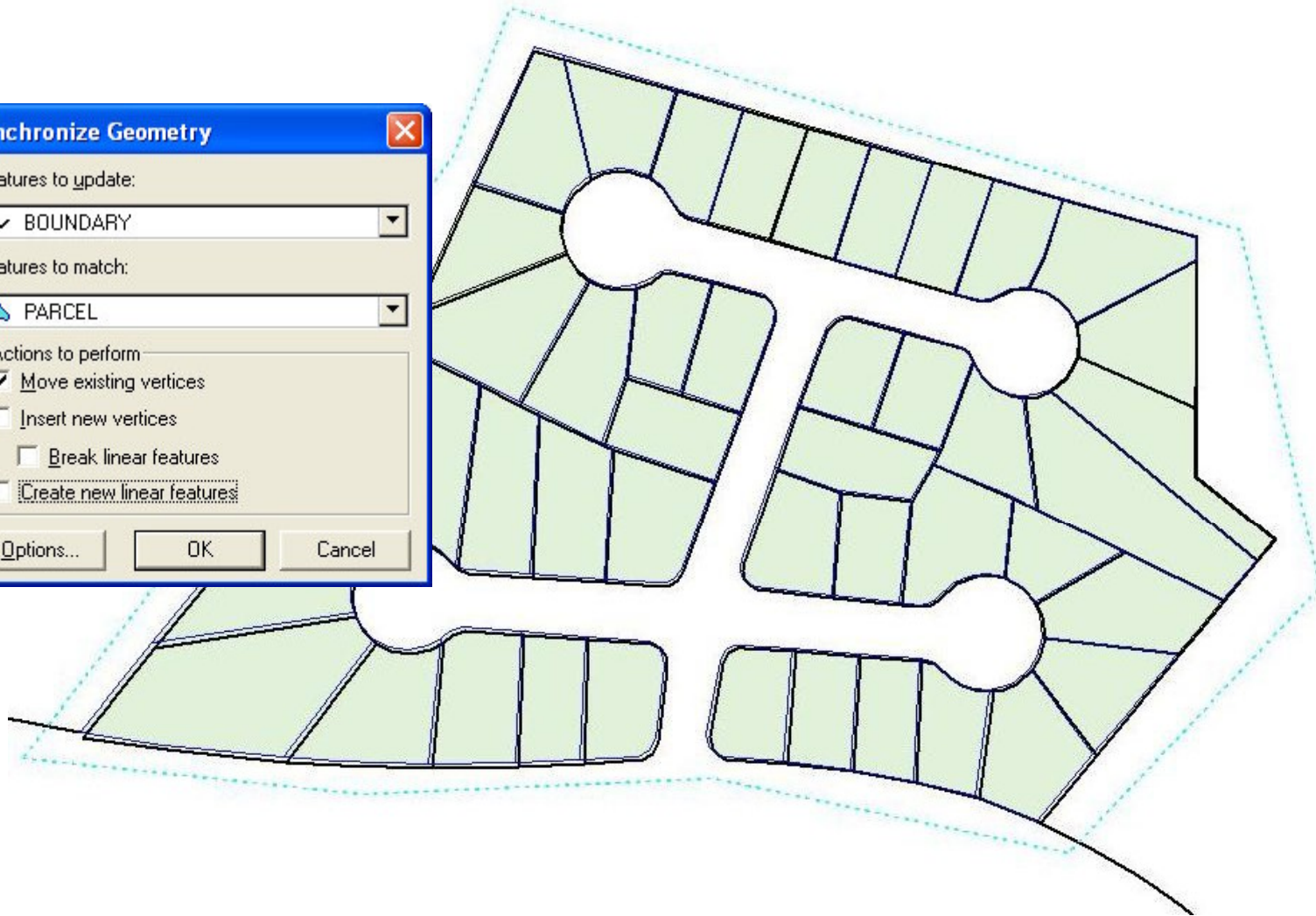
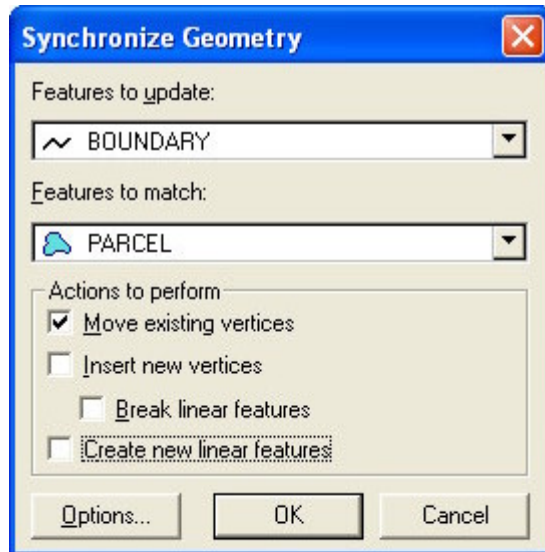
Validating Areas



Labeling

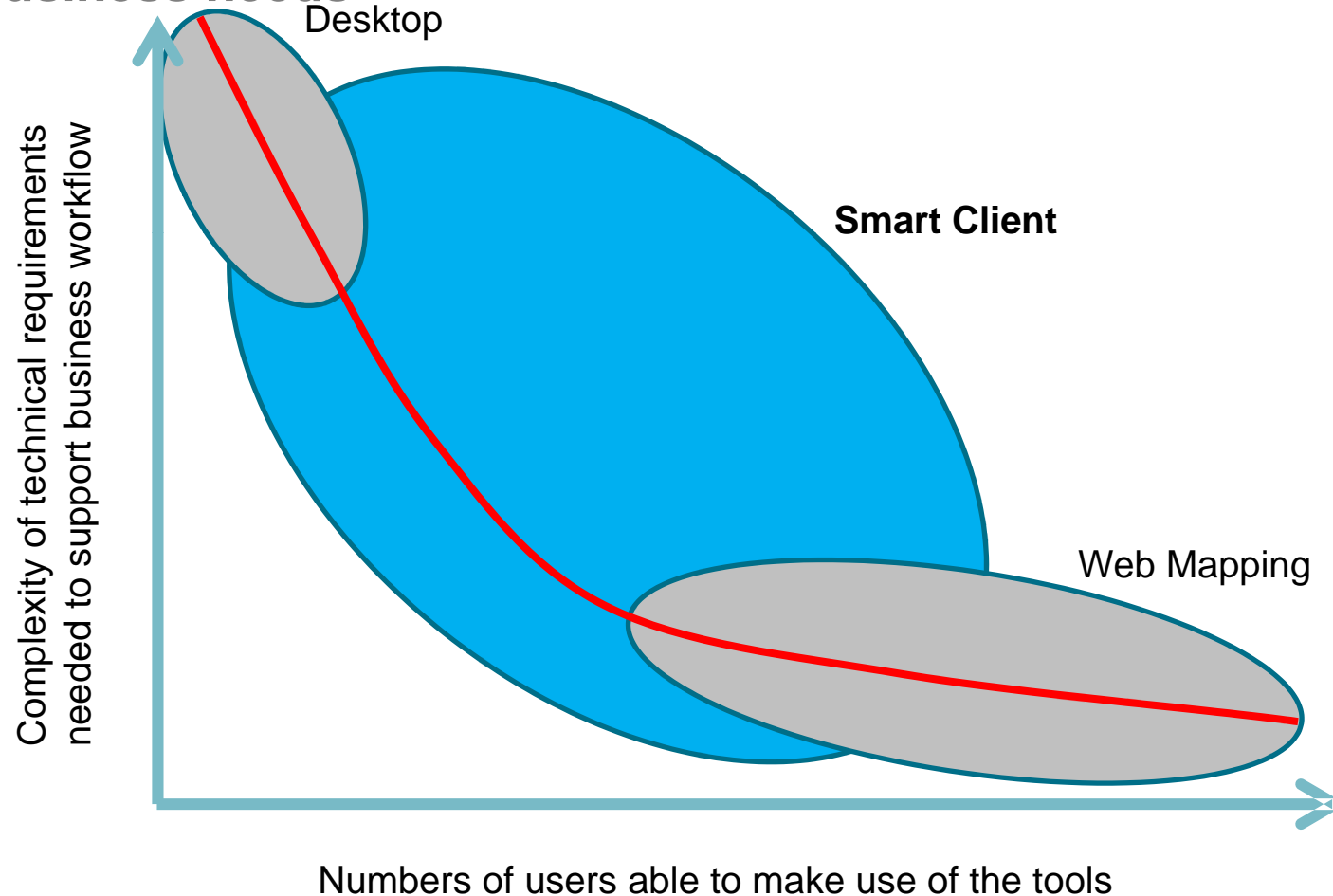


Synchronizing Geometry

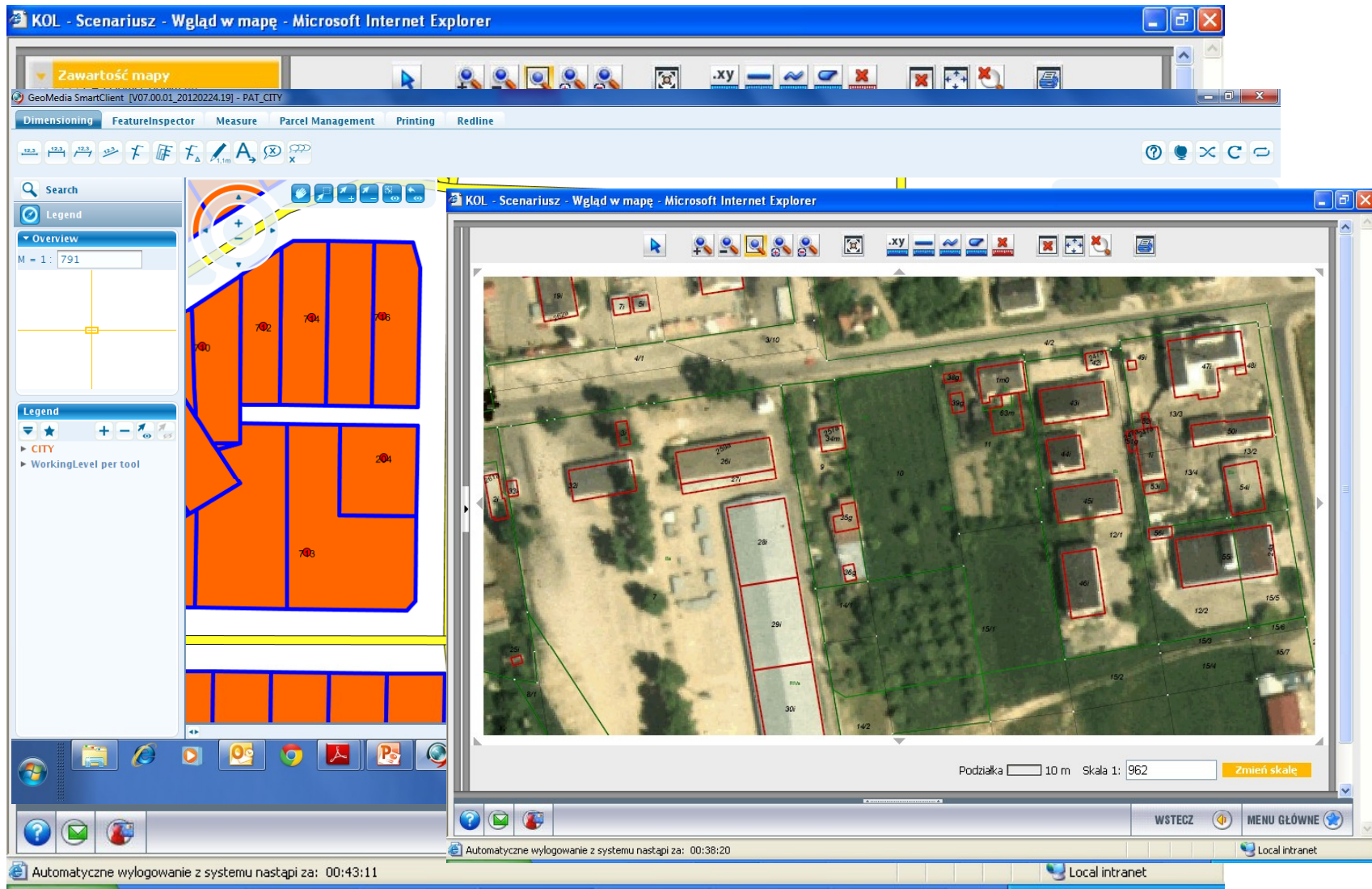


Web Based Editing and Delivery via Intergraph Smart Client

Matching the delivery of spatial functionality to users' abilities and business needs



Workflow enabled Smart Clients





Übersicht

M = 1 : 312

Legende

- POI
- Grenzen
- DKM
- Verkehr
- Gebäude
 - Gebäudeflächen
- Wasser
- Topokarte
- Arbeitsebenen je Werkzeug
- Arbeitsebenen je Thema



Hilfskonstruktionen

Element:

Distanz: 5,00 m

Linienende: Eckig

Verbindung: Rund

Favoriten

Hilfskonstruktionen

Hilfskonstruktionen

Element:

Distanz: 5,00 m

Linienende: Abgerundet

Verbindung: Rund

Hilfskonstruktionen

Element:

Distanz: 5,00 m

Linienende: Abgerundet

Verbindung: Rund

Hilfskonstruktionen

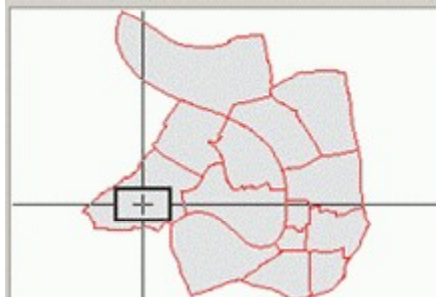
Element:

Distanz: 3,00 m

Linienende: Abgerundet

Verbindung: Rund

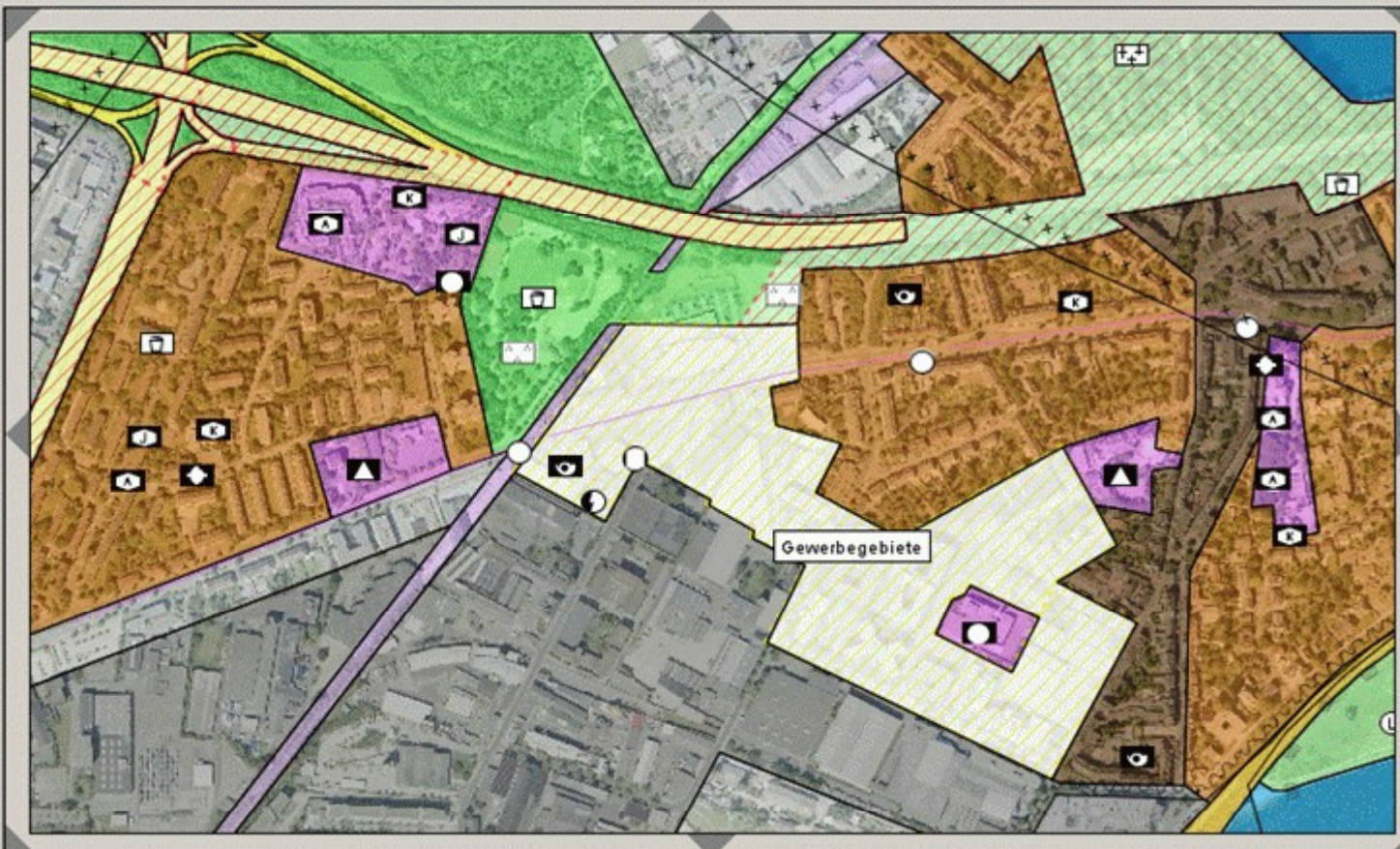
SmartSnapping



M = 1 : 8.000

- ⊕ Themen und Touristik
- ⊕ Grundstücke und Gebäude
- ⊖ Kommunale Daten
 - ⊖ Grundwassermessstellen
 - ⊕ Abwasserdaten
 - ⊕ fiskalische Flächen
 - ⊕ Realnutzung
 - ⊕ versiegelte Flächen
- ⊖ Geobasisdaten
 - ⊖ Liegenschaftskarte
 - Außerbüchlerlich
 - Flurstücke
 - Flurstücke Nummern
 - Flurstücke Pfeile
 - Grenzen
 - Gebäude
 - Bauteillinien
 - Hausnummern
 - Geschossezahlen
 - Straßennamen

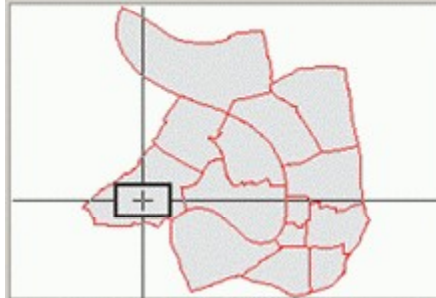
Aktiv: Widmungsflächen



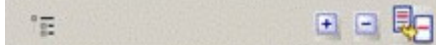
Datensätze : 8

BEZIRK	WIDMUNG	FLAECHE
42	Verkehrsfläche	15293,06
42	Verkehrsfläche	17038,27
42	Verkehrsfläche	14014,01
42	Verkehrsfläche	8397,32
42	Verkehrsfläche	4710,34

Orthophotomaps, cadastral parcels and land use areas

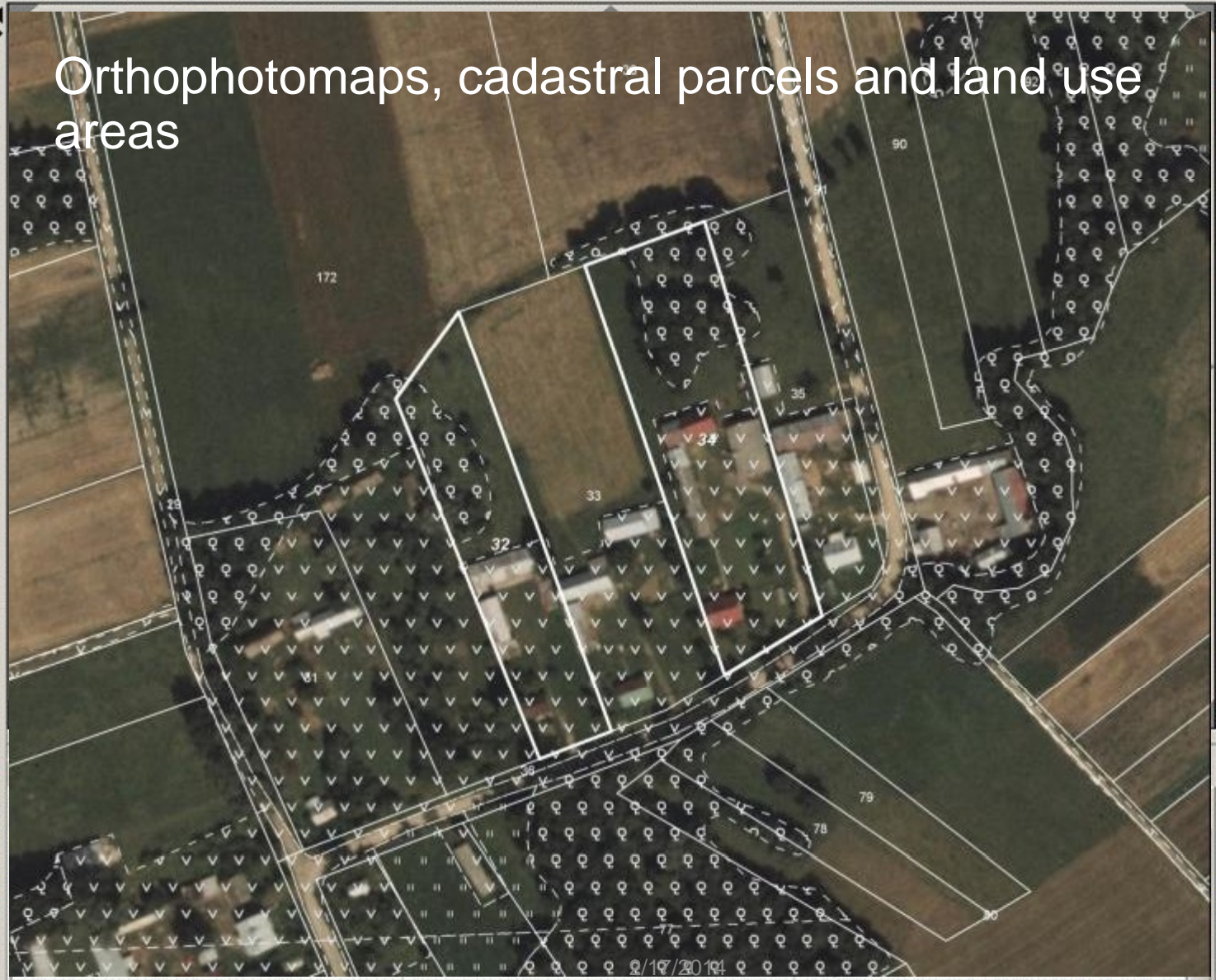


M = 1 : 8.000



- Themen und Touristik
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Aktiv: Widmungsflächen



Integration of Intergraph software and Leica Geosystems CS25GNSS For Field Data Updates and Editing



GPS Reference Station Network for Land Cadaster

- ❑ A network of continuously operating GPS reference stations is more efficient than a traditional triangulation and traverse network.
- ❑ The stations can be set up at convenient locations in areas
- ❑ Network geometry is not as critical as with traditional networks, and the accuracy is higher and more consistent.
- ❑ Users set up their field receivers in the areas in which they are working, download reference station data via the Internet, and compute their positions.
- ❑ The stations can also transmit RTK and DGPS data for direct use by RTK and GIS field rover equipment.
- ❑ Such a network can be of almost any size. Whilst one or two stand-alone reference stations may be all that is required for a local area, town, municipality, opencast mine or engineering site, a multi-station network will usually be needed to provide full GPS service coverage for a state or entire country.

Challenges

- Central Data Unification.
- Data Standardization.
- Various Projection System.
- Various Nomenclature.
- Low level of Technical penetration.



Benefit

- Introduction of Modern Accurate , Authorative Actionable Cadaster Map making system
- Central Data Repository
- Updation of Old Map via Phtogrammetry+ Survey+ Mapping technique



Thank You